European Union of Medicine in Assurance and Social Security - EUMASS Fræðslufundur Samtaka evrópskra tryggingalækna og VIRK starfsendurhæfingarsjóðs

Foss Hotel, Reykjavik, Iceland

1. June 2018

Challenges in Disability Assessment and Work Integration in Iceland

Work Integration - Supply & Demand

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Virk Vocational Rehabilitation Fund



- Integrating work participation in vocational rehabilitation (VR)
- Icelandic Employers



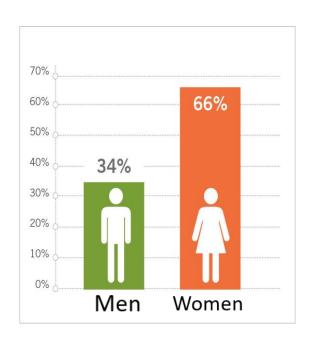
Changing attitudes in the labor market





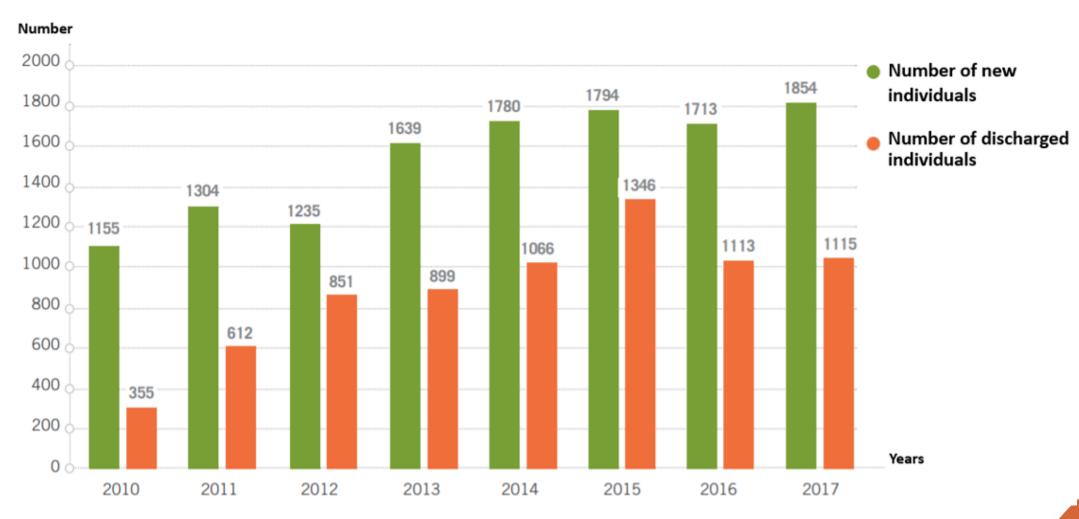
Virk vocational rehabilitation fund

Individuals receiving service 15th May 2018	VIRK
Total from the beginning	13.493
Number in regular interviews and follow up	2.332
Number who have finished services	7.768
Number who quit (left the services)	3.393



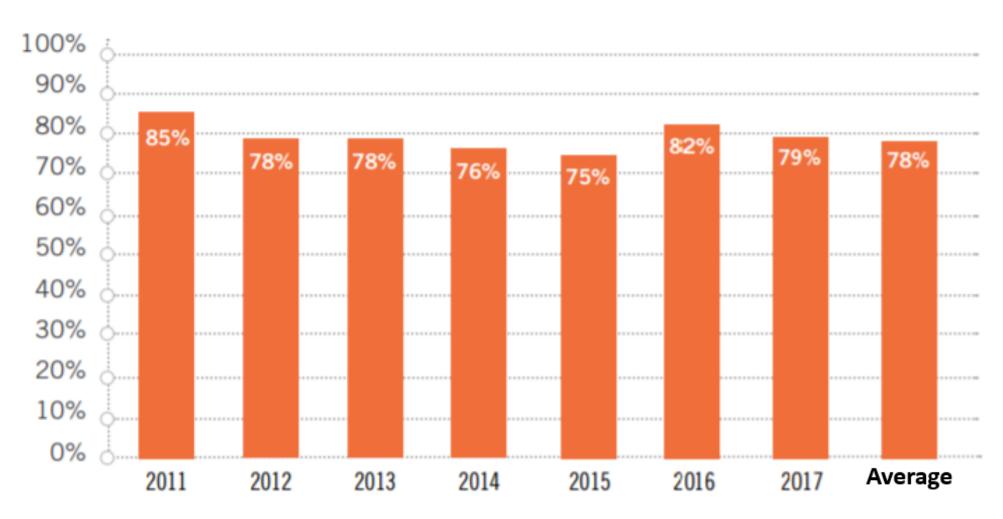
New and discharged individuals from VR Years 2010 – 2017





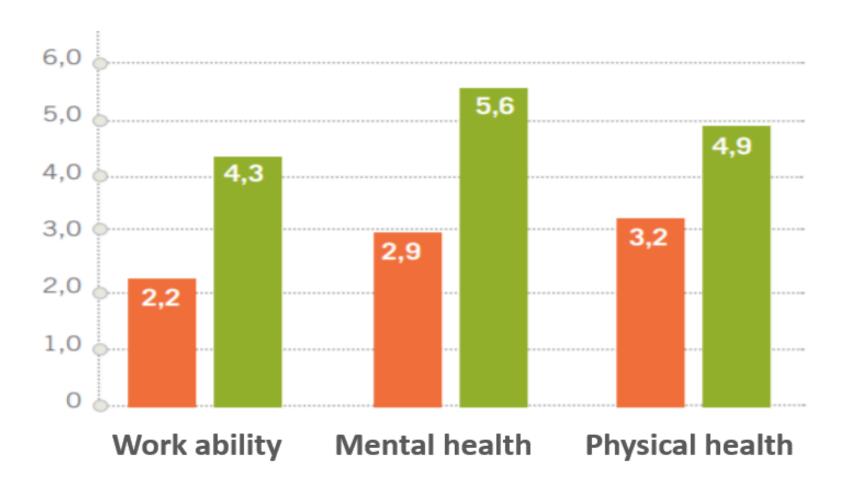


Percentage of individuals who are either working, looking for a job or studying at end of VR





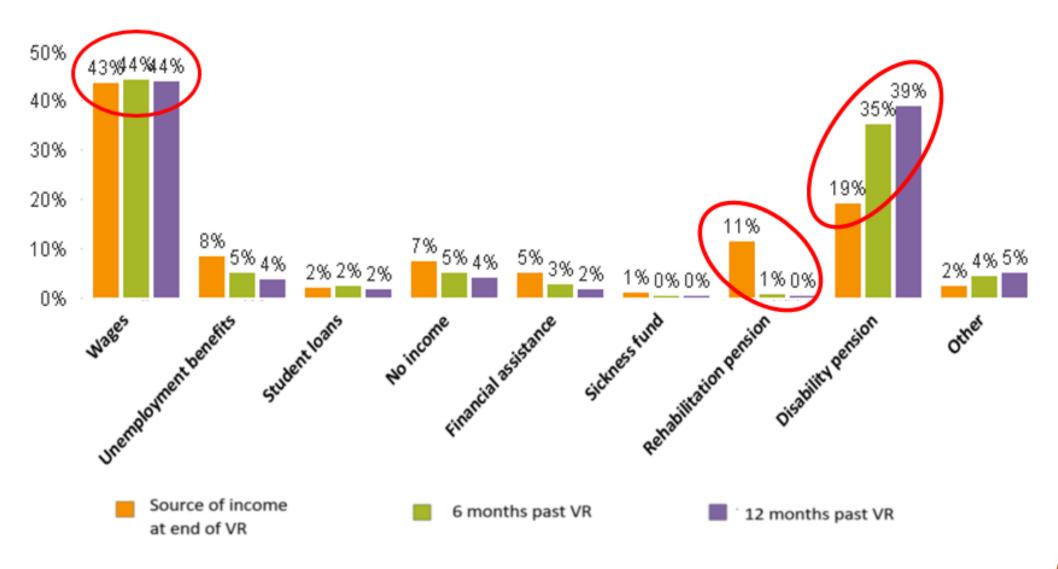
How was your health and work ability at start of VR and how is it today? (Scale 0 – 10)



- At start of VR
- Today



Sources of income at discharge and 6 and 12 months past discharge All individuals finishing VR (% FTE positions)



Integrating work participation into vocational rehabilitation

- Preparation for the project started in 2015/2016 first individual entered the project in fall of 2016
- Primarily for individuals with reduced work ability finishing VR in 3 – 4 months
- In the early days of the project the emphasis was on introducing the project and educating companies/ workplaces about disability and reduced work ability and return to work
- We visited companies/workplaces and offered them to sign a partnership agreement with VIRK with no obligations → we established a contact person at the worksite → this facilitated interaction with the companies when we contacted them with a possible candidate
- We recruited employment specialists
- Today, over 100 companies have signed the partnership agreement and we have active connections with over 300 companies



Integrating work participation into vocational rehabilitation

Goals:

- Ensure successful return to work for individuals finishing vocational rehabilitation
- Incorporate graded return to work concurrently with rehabilitation
- Encourage support for the individuals in the workplace in the RTW-process.
- Increase knowledge of the importance of cooperation between the workplace and vocational rehabilitation



Return To Work Plan





- Provide an employee with knowledge and experience
- Employee specialist is in cooperation with the employee and the workplace to make a graded RTW-plan that takes into account tasks, work processes and working hours
- Monitoring/reviewing with the employee in the workplace in cooperation with management / workplace
- Assists in the resolution of problems and obstacles in the RTW process
- Education and counseling for managers and coworkers

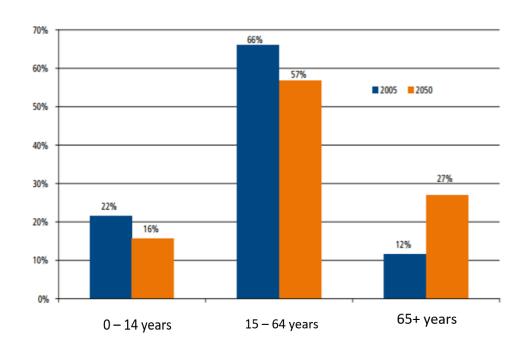


Working is an intervention

- Major demographic changes are expected to occur in our society in the next few decades
- Rising age of the workforce
- Health problems associated with chronic diseases will become an increasingly common reason for absences from work
 - → Increased pressure on businesses to allow for adaptation in the workplace
 - → Implementing certain **processes** that will reduce employees absences

Prevention \rightarrow Adaptation \rightarrow Support

Icelanders 2005 and 2050



Hannes G. Sigurðsson (2007) *Ísland 2050: Eldri þjóð – Ný viðfangsefni.* Samtök atvinnulífsins





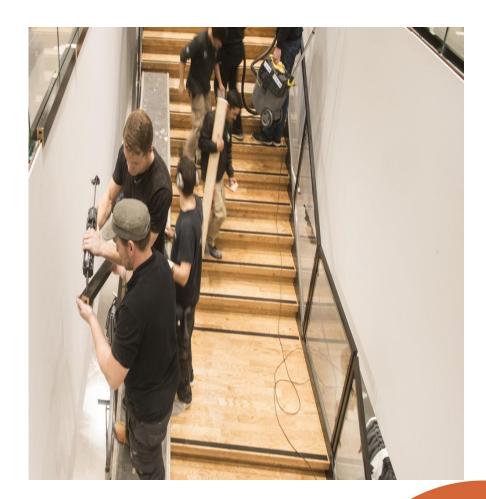
- It is well known that working is good for your health and well being
- Those who are unemployed tend to experience a higher prevalence of depression and anxiety and report lower scores on self esteem and quality of life measures
- Successful return to work can speed up recovery and prevent various complications from being out of work







- People of working age (16 74 years) total 241.500 - active labor force total 199.500 people (82.6%)
- Inactive total **42.100** (17.4%) and 34% of those are disabled or ill/temporarily unable to work
- Employment rate for the disabled 61% compared to 82% for non-disabled people
- Disabled people are more likely to work part time jobs compared to the non-disabled (19% vs. 7%)
- 76% of all jobs in Iceland are full time jobs only
 24% part time jobs



Employers – The Demand side

VIRK2008-2018

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- For meaningful employment outcomes
 organizational behaviors, employer needs,
 and the changing labor economy needs to be
 taken into account
- The organizational chart is now flatter and team-based, emphasis is on flexibility, productivity, and workplace socialization skills
- Employers attach importance to knowledge and information about disabilities, and a good and stable communication with experts/ employment specialists for contacts in case of problems arising at the workplace







Employers – The Demand side

Research has demonstrated:

- Employers with prior experience of employing individuals with disabilities are more likely to have a positive attitude towards future recruitment
- Employers have concerns and misperceptions about the barriers to hiring and retaining people with disabilities
- Employers are often not aware of the workers' need and how to accommodate them at work
- Employers are concerned about the quantity and quality of work done and fear low flexibility and high levels of absenteeism

Icelandic Employers

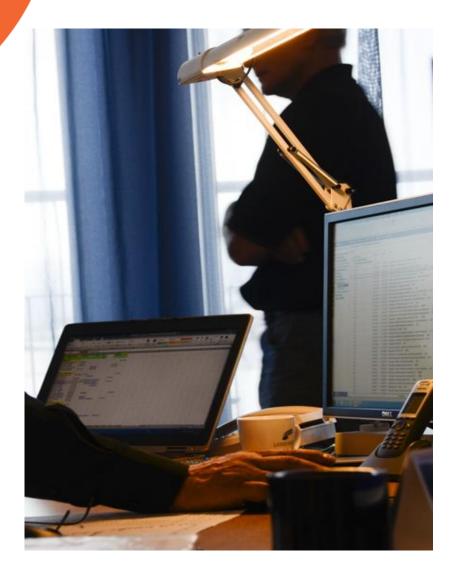
 Research into employer perceptions and attitudes toward hiring and retaining individuals with disabilities is needed in Iceland

VIRK is one of the participants with the Ministry
of Welfare in a study of employers' attitude
towards hiring individuals with disability and
examining factors that are motivating and
hindering their ability to do so

 VIRK is looking especially at employers that have signed the partnership agreement with VIRK







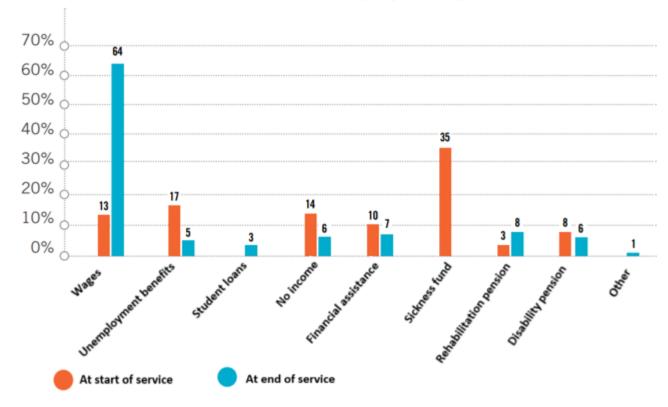
Results from the survey

- Will increase our knowledge of the Icelandic labour market
- Information about what employers would consider most motivating and would improve their ability to hire individuals with reduced work ability
- Results can be guiding for the government regarding what government interventions could improve employers' possibility to hire individuals with reduced work ability
- Results can be guiding for VIRK for continued development of the RTW-project

RTW- Project

- 68 individuals have found work since start of the year
- About 50% entered the labor market with graded-RTW or other types of assistance
- Jobs ranging from 20% -100% participation
- Examples of types of work: Book keeping, Library, CCP Games, Bauhaus, Reykjavik Art museum, Duty free, Pharmaceutical sales







Changing attitudes in the labor market

- This year VIRK is focusing on changing attitudes in society and drawing attention to employment of individuals with disabilities and reduced work ability.
- Focusing on employers
- Directing employers to the verumvirk.is site
- Registering jobs available or requesting information





